

FLORIDA SOLAR ENERGY CENTER

Hydrogen Detection Using "Smart Pigments & Paints"



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Relevance to NASA

Detecting H₂ leakage at storage or usage sites is crucial for safe NASA operation





Approach

- ➤ To develop functional materials that reveal, in an "easy-to-see" & practical manner, the presence of hydrogen due to minute gas leaks
 - One Time-Use (Irreversible)
 - TiO₂/PGM pigment
 - Advance from TRL3 to TRL4 & TRL5
 - Repeated-Use (Reversible)
 - Tungsten/Pt (Pd) pigment
 - Advance from TRL1 to TRL2 & TRL3

Accomplishments

- Identified special metal oxide based powders for "one time-use" that can be synthesized inexpensively.
- Identified special tungsten-based pigment for "repeated-use" application.
- Identified special gas permeable matrix for pigment protection and application.
- Different techniques for application of the pigments have been tested.

Gas Permeable Matrix After Before Environmental protection - ultraviolet, - 40°C, HCl and hydrazine exposure Improved selectivity to H₂ with CO exposure



Enhanced Reversible Chemochromic Hydrogen Sensor

- Background
 - WO₃/PMG Rapid Reaction if Moist
- Novel System
 - > TiO₂/PMG/H₄[SiW₁₂O₄₀]
 - -Rapid Reaction Dry
 - -Rapid Recovery



Future Activities

- Lab Tests
 - Effect of other dopants to enhance color change for irreversible pigment.
 - Physicochemical characterization of reversible pigment.
- Field Tests

Publications & Patents

 A provisional patent has been just filed with the USPTO entitled "GAS PERMEABLE CHEMOCHROMIC COMPOSITION FOR HYDROGEN SENSING"